What Is Claimed Is:

1. A system that demultiplexes an RF signal including at least two nested sets of frequency

division multiplexed (FDM) channels extending over a bandwidth B, the system comprising:

a baseband converter that converts the RF signal to a baseband signal wherein a center

frequency of said baseband signal is offset from DC by an amount equal to an integer multiple of

the channel spacing of a widest of the nested FDM channels;

an analog to digital converter (ADC) that converts said baseband signal to a digital signal

at a sampling rate equal to four times said offset;

a complex baseband digital signal generator, coupled to said analog to digital converter,

that performs a half-band complex bandshift of said digital signal and that filters said half-band

complex bandshifted signal with a two to one decimating, symmetric, half-band finite impulse

response (FIR) filter to generate a complex baseband digital signal;

a k stage sub-band definition network, coupled to said complex baseband digital signal

generator, that divides said complex baseband digital signal into k sets of sub-band output signals

by sub-band definition filters.

wherein each stage of said k stage sub-band definition network comprises a

plurality of parallel polyphase-discrete Fourier transform (PPF-DFT) filter banks,

wherein said PPF-DFT filter banks, where appropriate to align sub-band signals

with filter pass-bands of said PPF-DFT filter banks, are preceded by at least one of

a quarter-band, and

a sixth-band complex bandshift,

and are followed by an eighth-band complex bandshift; and

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sub-band demultiplexers, coupled to said k sets of sub-band output signals of said k stage sub-band definition network, that demultiplex each of said sub-band output signals to obtain k sets of demultiplexed sub-band channel signals.

- 2. The system according to claim 1, wherein said complex baseband digital signal generator is configured to generate said half-band complex bandshift without the need for multipliers.
  - 3. The system according to claim 1, wherein said k stage sub-band definition network is operative to at least one of

generate said quarter-band complex bandshift wherein said quarter-band complex bandshift comprises, on average, one-half of a number of multiplications normally needed; and generate said sixth-band complex bandshift wherein said sixth-band complex bandshift comprises, on average, one-third of a number of multiplications normally needed.

- 4. The system according to claim 1, wherein k is a number of stages, of said k stage sub-band definition network and is equal to a number of unique nested sets of FDM channels minus one.
- 5. The system according to claim 1, wherein a section of said each stage of said k stage sub-band definition network comprises an upper filter bank and a lower filter bank of said plurality of PPF-DFT filter banks that process an input signal band of said section to produce even and odd sub-band output signals of said each stage.
- 6. The system according to claim 1, wherein at least one of said sub-band demultiplexers, said complex baseband digital signal generator, and said sub-band definition network, are

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implemented in a complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) integrated circuit (IC).

7. The system according to claim 1, further comprising

a digital logic clock signal that is operative to be disabled in branches of at least one of said k stage sub-band definition network and said sub-band demultiplexers, whenever said branches contain only inactive channels.

8. A system for demultiplexing an RF signal including at least two nested sets of frequency division multiplexed (FDM) channels extending over a bandwidth B, the system comprising:

baseband converting means for converting the RF signal to a baseband signal wherein a center frequency of said baseband signal is offset from DC by an amount equal to an integer multiple of the channel spacing of a widest of the nested FDM channels;

analog to digital converting means for converting said baseband signal to a digital signal at a sampling rate equal to four times said offset;

complex baseband digital signal generating means, coupled to said analog to digital converting means, for performing a half-band complex bandshift of said digital signal and for filtering said half-band complex bandshifted signal with a two to one decimating, symmetric, half-band finite impulse response (FIR) filter means for generating a complex baseband digital signal;

k stage sub-band definition network means, coupled to said complex baseband digital signal generating means, for dividing said complex baseband digital signal into k sets of sub-band output signals, means for outputting sub-band output signals by sub-band definition filtering,

wherein each stage of said k stage sub-band definition network means comprises a

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plurality of parallel polyphase-discrete Fourier transform (PPF-DFT) filter bank means for filtering,

wherein said PPF-DFT filter bank means, where appropriate to align sub-band signals with filter pass-bands of said PPF-DFT filter bank means comprise at least one of quarter-band means for performing a preceding quarter-band complex bandshift, and

sixth-band means for performing a preceding sixth-band complex bandshift,

and are followed by eighth-band means for performing a following eighth-band complex bandshift; and

sub-band demultiplexing means, coupled to said k sets of said sub-band channel output signal means of said k stage sub-band definition network means, for demultiplexing each of said sub-band output signal means to obtain k sets of demultiplexed sub-band channel signal means for providing demultiplexed FDM channel signals.

- 9. The system according to claim 8, wherein said complex baseband digital signal generating means is further configured for generating said half-band complex bandshift without the need for multipliers.
- 10. The system according to claim 8, wherein said k stage sub-band definition network means further comprises at least one of

generating said quarter-band means wherein said quarter-band means uses, on average, one-half of the multiplications normally needed; and

generating said sixth-band means wherein said sixth-band means uses, on average, one-

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third of the multiplications normally needed.

11. The system according to claim 8, wherein k is a number of stages, of said k stage sub-band

definition network means and is equal to a number of unique nested sets of FDM channels minus

one.

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12. The system according to claim 8, wherein a section of said each stage of said k stage sub-

band definition network means comprises an upper filter bank means and a lower filter bank

means of said plurality of PPF-DFT filter bank means for processing an input signal band of said

section and for producing an even sub-band output signal and an odd sub-band output signal of

said each stage.

13. The system according to claim 8, wherein at least one of said complex baseband digital signal

generating means, said sub-band definition network means, and said sub-band demultiplexing

means are implemented in a complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) integrated

circuit.

14. The system according to claim 8, further comprising digital logic clock signal disabling

means for disabling a clock signal in branches of at least one of said k stage sub-band definition

network means and said sub-band demultiplexing means, whenever said branches comprise only

inactive channels.

15. A method for demultiplexing an RF signal including at least two nested sets of frequency

division multiplexed (FDM) channels extending over a bandwidth B, the method comprising:

converting the RF signal to a baseband signal wherein a center frequency of said baseband signal is offset from DC by an amount equal to an integer multiple of the channel spacing of a widest of the nested FDM channels;

converting said baseband signal to a digital signal at a sampling rate equal to four times said offset;

performing a half-band complex bandshift of said digital signal, and filtering said halfband complex bandshifted signal with a two to one decimating, symmetric, half-band finite impulse response (FIR) filter, thereby obtaining a complex baseband digital signal;

dividing said complex baseband digital signal into k sets of sub-band output signals, outputting sub-band output signals by sub-band definition filtering, including filtering using a plurality of parallel polyphase-discrete Fourier transform (PPF-DFT) filter banks, and aligning, where appropriate sub-band signals with filter pass-bands of said PPF-DFT filter bank means comprising at least one of

performing a preceding quarter-band complex bandshift, and performing a preceding sixth-band complex bandshift, and performing a following eighth-band complex bandshift; and

demultiplexing each of said sub-band output signal means to obtain k sets of demultiplexed sub-band channel signals.